GPA calculations

We propose renaming the Graduate GPA category to Post-bac GPA in order to better reflect the information included in each GPA category. We clarified the definitions of each GPA category below. Under this proposal, Undergraduate GPA would only report the GPA of the student at the time of their bachelor's graduation; it would no longer be a cumulative GPA. We have also changed the Post-bac (Graduate) GPA calculation to begin at 9 hours rather than 15 hours of course work past the first undergraduate degree.

Undergraduate GPA
- GPA at the time of graduation with first undergraduate degree

Post-bac GPA (formerly Graduate GPA)
- Courses part of an earned graduate degree
- 9 hours or more of post-bachelor's courses, graduate or undergraduate
- Second undergraduate degree

Straight through programs (RN-MSN, Doctorate with no Bachelor's)
- Separate courses into undergrad and grad based on level.
- If the course is level 100(0), 200(0), 300(0), 400(0), or 500(0) it is considered undergraduate. If the course is 600(0) or higher, then it is graduate.

Notes:
- Post-bachelor's undergrad and graduate courses less than 9 hours are not counted in either GPA
- Grades from courses taken at institutions other than their degree-granting school would not be counted.
- The Regular Admit qualifying threshold would increase to 3.0 if graduating GPA is used rather than cumulative GPA.